



# Clearance of Pathologic Proteins in Neurodegeneration by Heterobifunctional Degradable Molecules

NYAS- Neurodegeneration and Proteostasis

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This presentation contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 that involve substantial risks and uncertainties, including statements regarding the development and regulatory status of our product candidates, such as statements with respect to our lead product candidates, ARV-110, ARV-471 and ARV-766 and other candidates in our pipeline, and the timing of clinical trials and data from those trials and plans for registration for our product candidates, and our discovery programs that may lead to our development of additional product candidates, the potential utility of our technology and therapeutic potential of our product candidates, the potential commercialization of any of our product candidates, the potential benefits of our collaborative partnerships, and the Bayer joint venture, and the sufficiency of our cash resources. All statements, other than statements of historical facts, contained in this presentation, including statements regarding our strategy, future operations, future financial position, future revenues, projected costs, prospects, plans and objectives of management, are forward-looking statements. The words “anticipate,” “believe,” “estimate,” “expect,” “intend,” “may,” “might,” “plan,” “predict,” “project,” “target,” “potential,” “will,” “would,” “could,” “should,” “continue,” and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements, although not all forward-looking statements contain these identifying words.

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This presentation also contains estimates and other statistical data made by independent parties and by us relating to market size and other data about our industry. This data involves a number of assumptions and limitations, and you are cautioned not to give undue weight to such data and estimates. In addition, projections, assumptions and estimates of our future performance and the future performance of the markets in which we operate are necessarily subject to a high degree of uncertainty and risk.

# Arvinas: Advancing a new therapeutic modality to patients

## PROTEIN DEGRADATION

- PROTAC® (proteolysis-targeting chimeras) protein degraders **eliminate** vs. inhibit disease-causing proteins
- Combines the power of genetic knockdown technology with the benefits of small-molecule therapeutics

## PIPELINE

### 2 Programs in Phase 2

Clear efficacy signals in patients with difficult-to-treat breast and prostate cancers



### 1 Program in Phase 1



### 20+ Pipeline Programs

in oncology, I-O, and neuroscience

## ARVINAS

290+ team members

- Founded in 2013 by the original PROTAC pioneer
- Protein degradation platform with clinical proof of concept

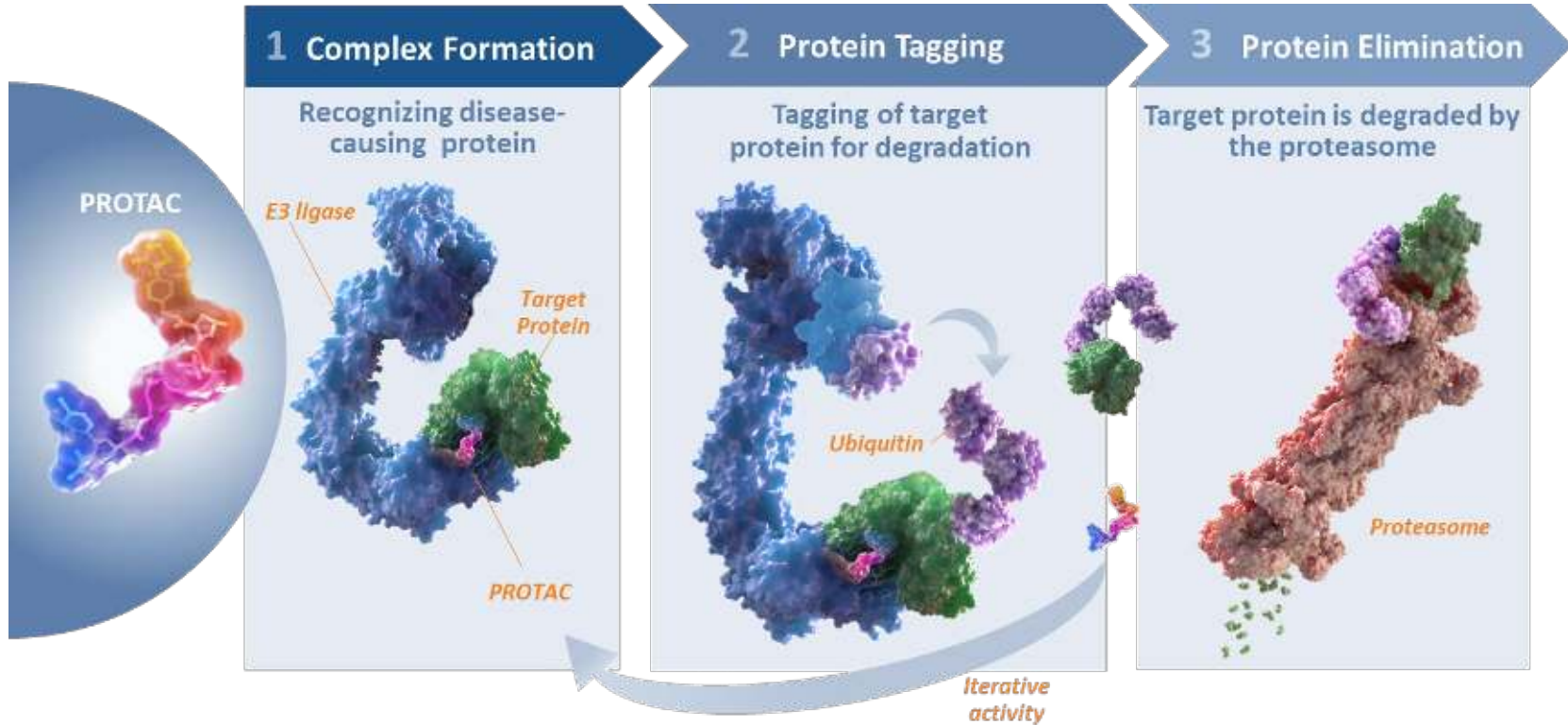


## PARTNERED FOR SUCCESS

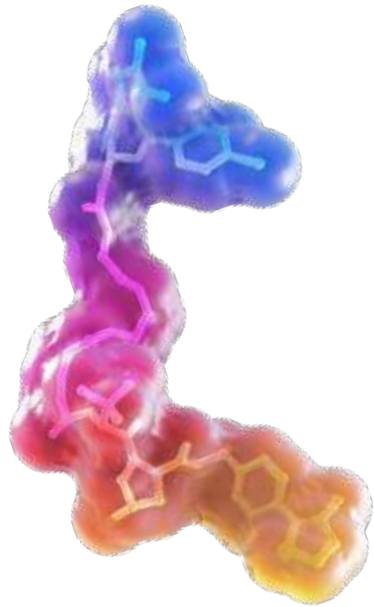


Global collaboration with Pfizer to co-develop and co-commercialize ARV-471 in ER+ breast cancer announced in July 2021

# PROTAC<sup>®</sup> protein degraders harness the ubiquitin-proteasome system to induce the degradation of disease-causing proteins



# PROTAC<sup>®</sup> protein degraders combine the benefits of small molecules and gene-based knockdown technologies



PROTAC protein degraders have distinct advantages over both small molecule inhibitors and gene-based medicines	PROTAC Protein Degraders	Small Molecule Inhibitors	Gene-Based Medicines
Eliminate disease-causing proteins	✓		✓
Disrupt scaffolding function	✓		✓
Potential to treat “undruggable” proteins	✓		✓
Iterative mechanism of action	✓		
Broad tissue penetration	✓	✓	
Oral dosing	✓	✓	
Ease of manufacturing	✓	✓	

# Developing therapeutics for validated and “undruggable” targets



	Program	Indication	Preclinical	Phase 1/1b	Phase 2	Phase 3	Next milestone	
Oncology / Immuno-Oncology	<b>ARV-471</b> Global co-development and co-commercialization partners with	ER+/HER2- Breast Cancer	ARV-471 monotherapy dose escalation (2L+)				Completed	
			ARV-471 + IBRANCE® (palbociclib) (1L)				Phase 1b data (2022)	
			ARV-471 VERITAC monotherapy dose expansion (2L+)				Final Phase 2 data (2022)	
	<b>Bavdegalutamide (ARV-110)</b>	mCRPC	Bavdegalutamide monotherapy dose escalation (2L+)					Completed
			Bavdegalutamide ARDENT monotherapy dose expansion (2L+)				Final Phase 2 data	
			Bavdegalutamide + abiraterone (2L+)				Phase 1b data	
<b>ARV-766</b>	mCRPC	ARV-766 monotherapy dose escalation (2L+)					Phase 1 data (2022)	
Neuro	<b>AR-V7†, BCL6, KRAS-G12D/V†, Myc†, HPK1</b>	Solid and haematological malignancies					4 INDs through 2023	
	<b>Tau†, α-Synuclein, mHTT</b>	Neurodegenerative Disorders						

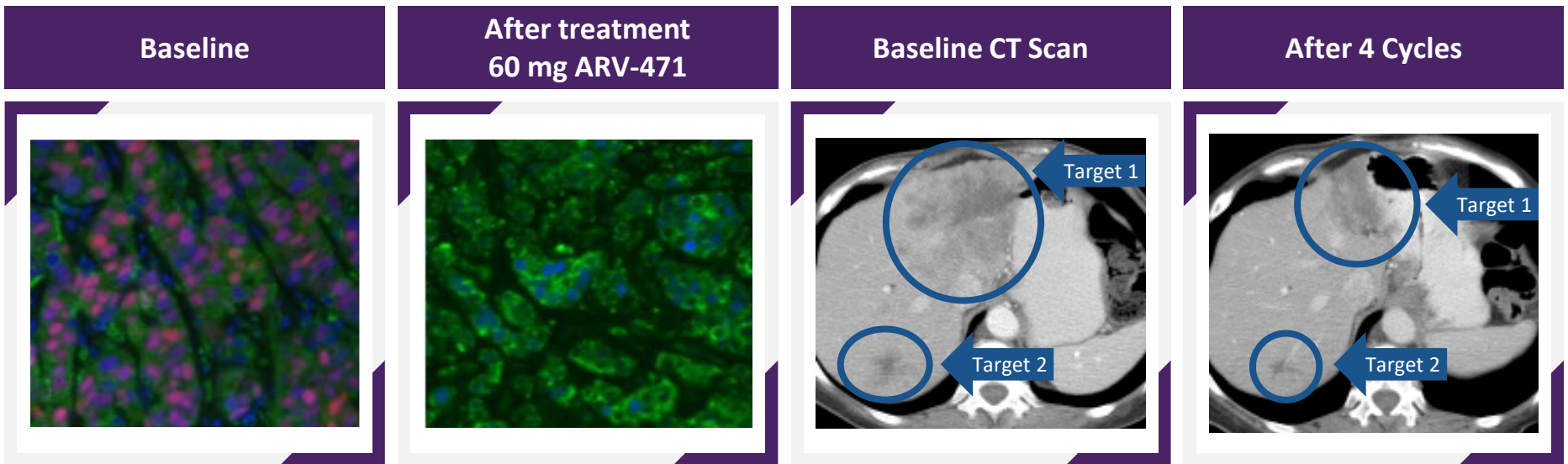
Note: Pipeline is non-exhaustive

† Denotes historically undruggable proteins; †† Trial may potentially be part of a planned umbrella study with Pfizer to explore multiple combination agents  
 mCRPC, metastatic castration-resistant prostate cancer; ER+/HER2-, estrogen receptor+/human epidermal growth factor receptor 2-; IND, investigational new drug

# The Ultimate Platform Validation: PROTAC<sup>®</sup>s have the potential to be Drugs



**ARV-471: ER Degradation & Confirmed RECIST Partial Response (cPR) in late-stage patients with extensive prior therapy**



Estrogen receptor    Nuclei    Cytokeratin

Data as presented 12/14/2020

ER degradation tumor biopsies

51% reduction in target lesions (RECIST partial response)

# Integrated PROTAC® drug discovery for Neurology



## Genetic Disease:

Protein is the cause of the disease



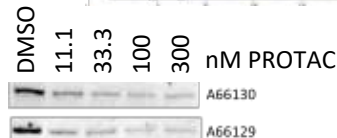
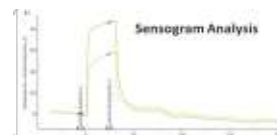
## Discovery Engine:

Ligand ID-DEL, HTS, HT-chem/SAR  
E3KnowledgeBASE, structure, AI



## Discovery Engine:

Biophysics, Ternary, Mechanistic  
Cellular Degradation, Proteomics



**Neurodegeneration**  
**Precision Medicine**  
Genetic/  
Proteinopathy  
Target root cause  
**PROTAC**  
differentiator  
Biomarker PoC

## Translational Medicine:

Biomarkers support efficient path to  
assessing efficacy in humans



## PK/PD Models:

Protein target engagement in vivo





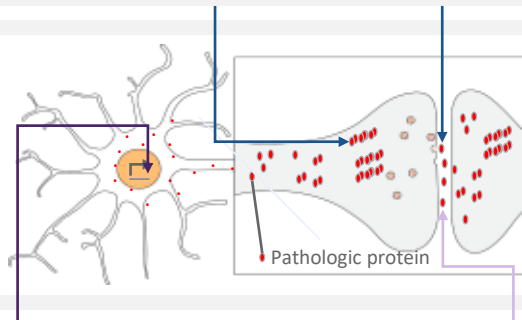
# PROTAC® heterobifunctional degrader molecules create a strong opportunity in neuroscience compared to other modalities



PROTAC® degrader small molecules may overcome the limitations of other platforms

## PROTAC Potential

- Reduce intra- and extracellular pathologic protein
- Discriminate between wild type and pathologic protein
- Oral administration with BBB biodistribution



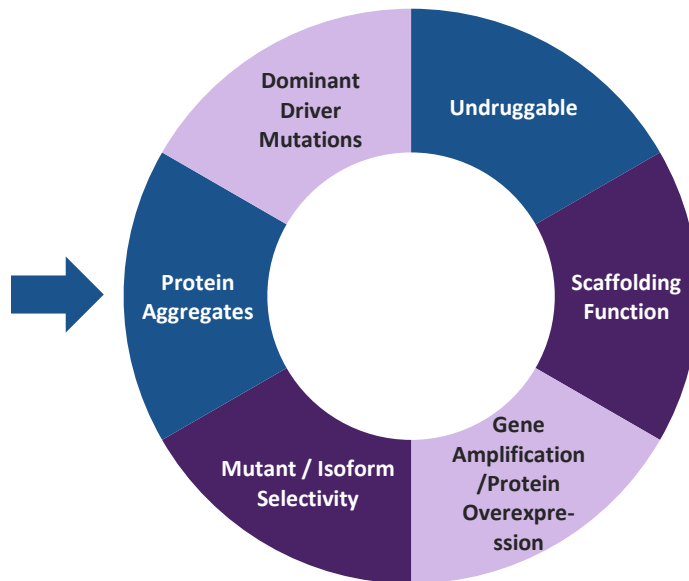
### ASO

- Requires intrathecal dosing
- Does not discriminate wt from pathologic protein

### Ab

- Blocks only extracellular pathologic protein
- IV dosing results in only 0.5% in CSF

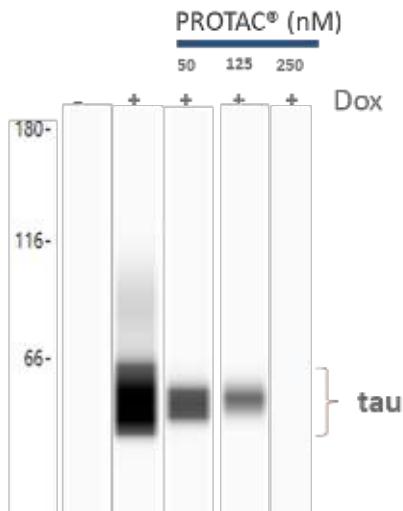
## PROTAC Tenets -- Differentiation from small molecule inhibitors



# PROTAC® small molecules can degrade tau P301L insoluble aggregates



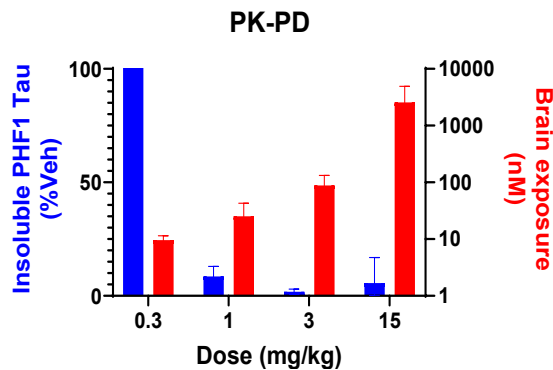
## In vitro insoluble tau PROTAC degradation



\*on mechanism

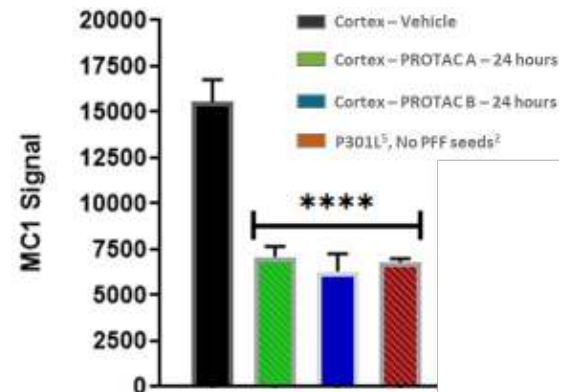
## In vivo insoluble tau PROTAC degradation

### Tg2508 24h post single PROTAC parenteral dose



## Reduced Seed Potential Ex vivo brain extracts

### Tg2508 brain extracts 24h post single parenteral dose

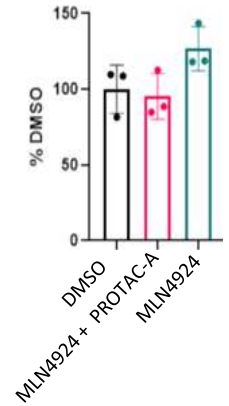
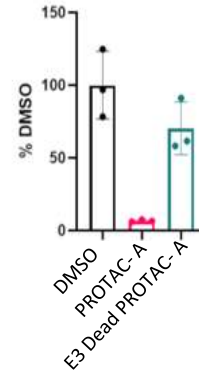
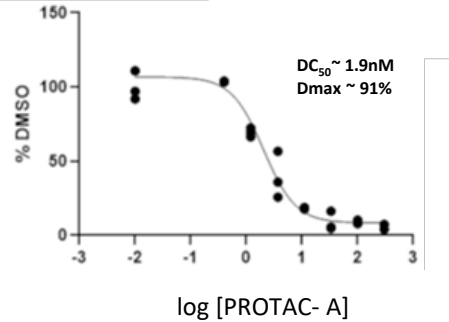
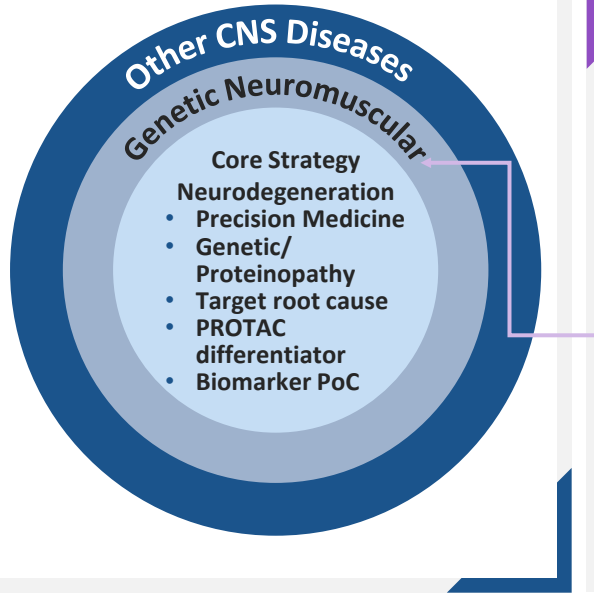


# Neuromuscular Diseases: PROTAC<sup>®</sup> degraders remove toxic aggregating protein within muscle cells



Fit with Neuroscience Strategy

PROTAC degrades toxic aggregating protein in iPSC- myotubes from patients and is on mechanism.

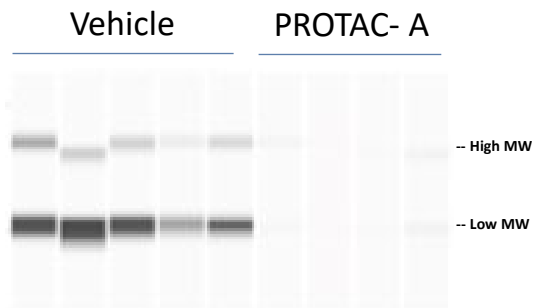


# Neuromuscular Diseases: PROTAC<sup>®</sup> degraders remove toxic aggregating protein within muscle resulting in improved functional effect

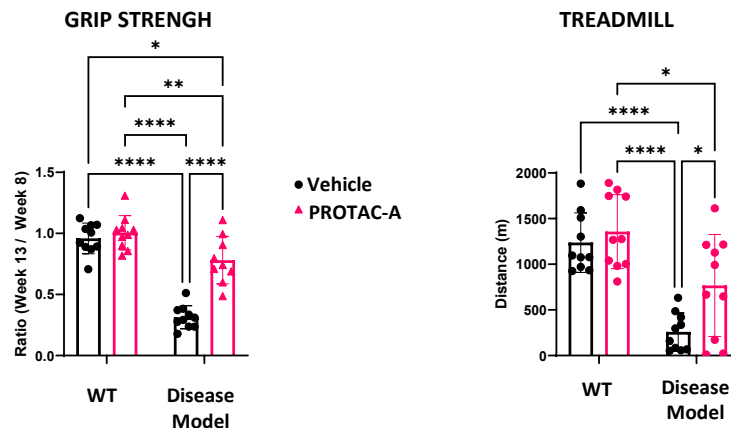


PROTAC degrades toxic aggregating protein in muscle following oral administration in a disease mouse model, increased lifespan (data not shown), improves function (grip strength) and endurance (treadmill).

## Neuromuscular degeneration Mouse Model (3xQD PO)



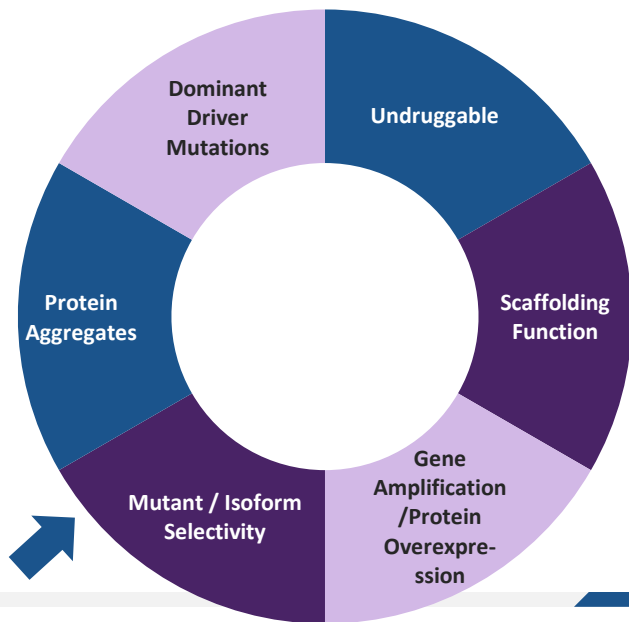
## Neuromuscular degeneration Mouse Model (PROTAC A chronic oral administration) improves function and endurance



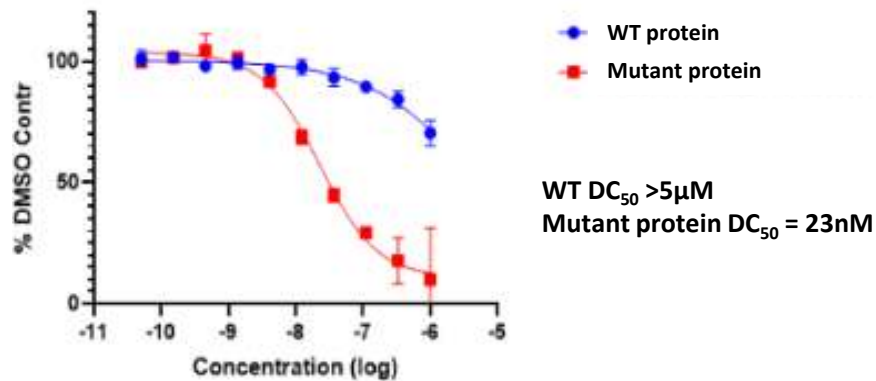
# PROTAC<sup>®</sup> targets mutant and spares WT to tackle genetically defined disease target in CNS



## Fit with Tenets of PROTACs



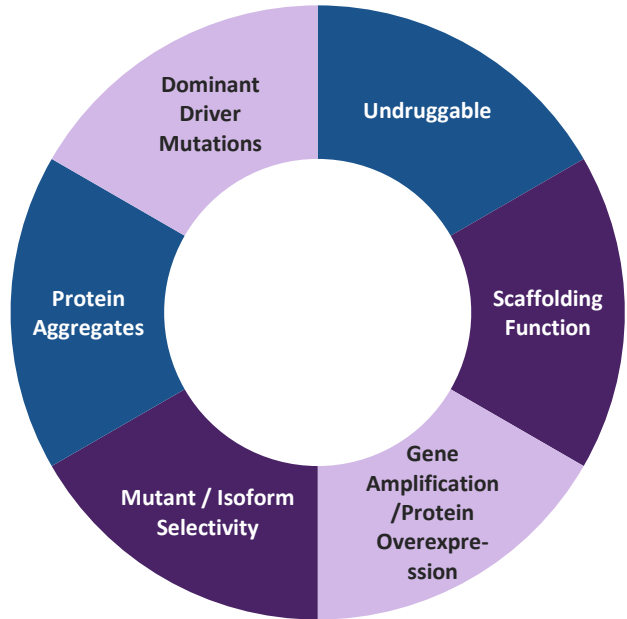
## PROTAC selectively degrades mutant and spares WT protein



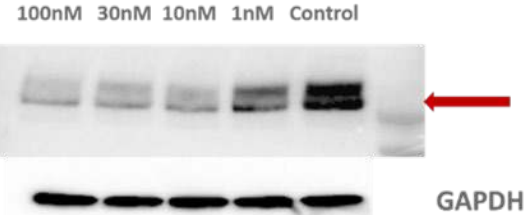
# PROTAC<sup>®</sup>-B is on mechanism and degrades endogenous target in iPSC-derived microglia



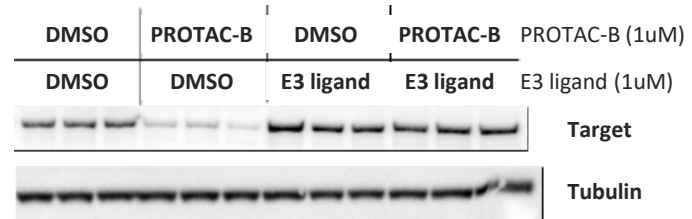
## Fit with Tenets of PROTACs



## PROTAC-B degrades endogenous target in iPSC-derived microglia



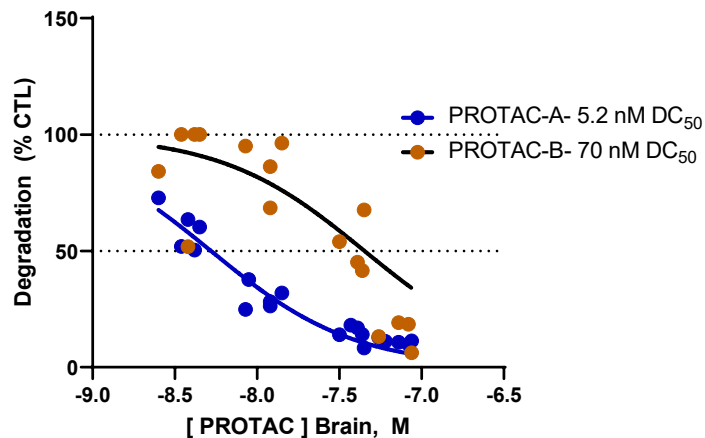
## PROTAC-B degrades endogenous target and is on Mechanism



# PROTAC<sup>®</sup>-B dose-dependently and durably degrades target in brain 24h following single oral administration

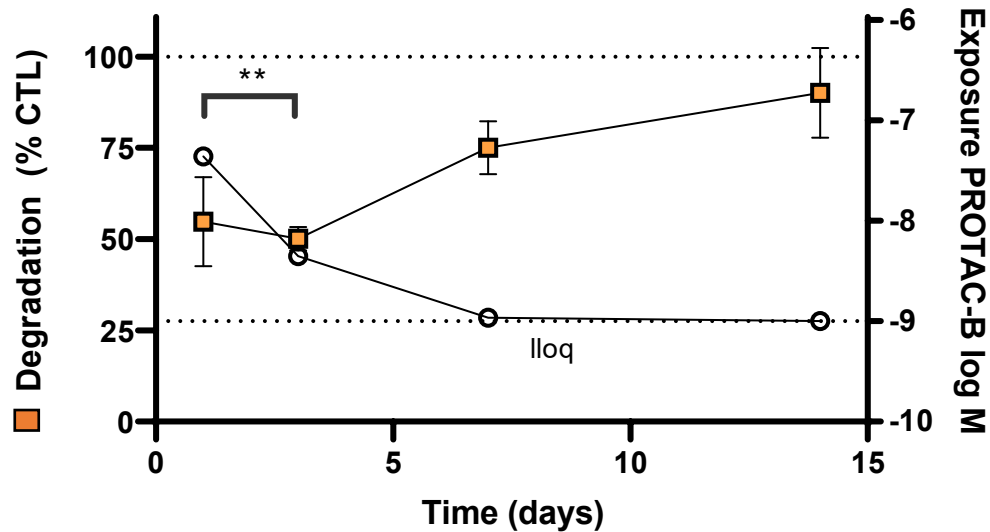


## PROTAC-A and B Dose-Response PK/PD In Cortex 24h post dose



## PROTAC-B PK/PD In Cortex following time-course

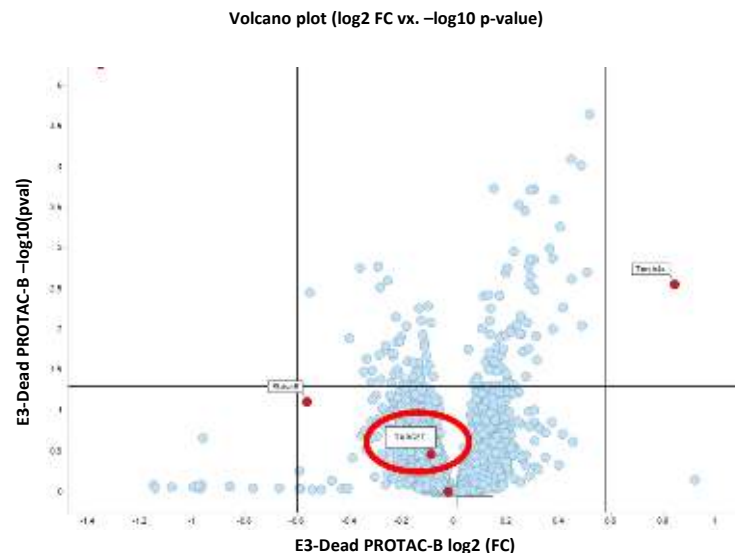
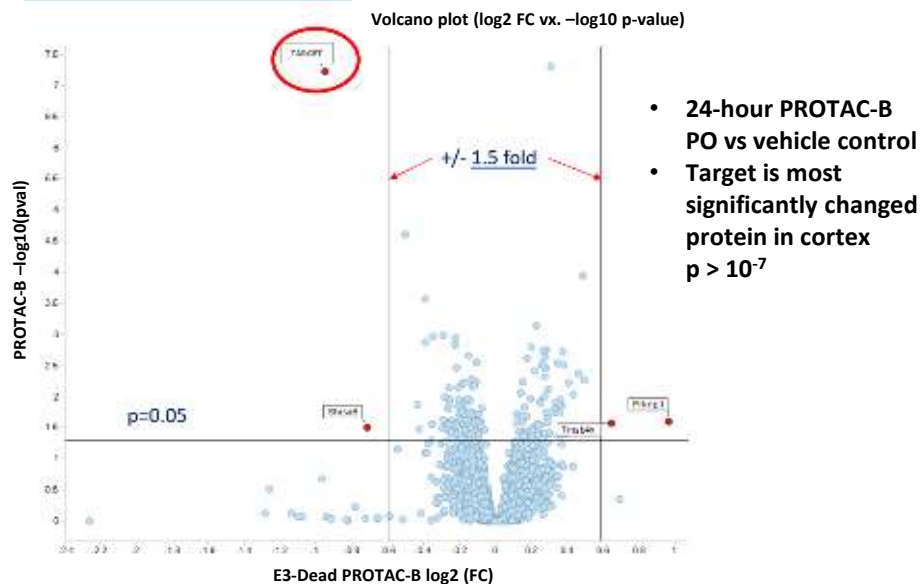
### PROTAC-B PK/PD Time-Course - Cortex



# PROTAC<sup>®</sup>-B is on-mechanism and highly selective by proteomic analysis in brain following oral administration

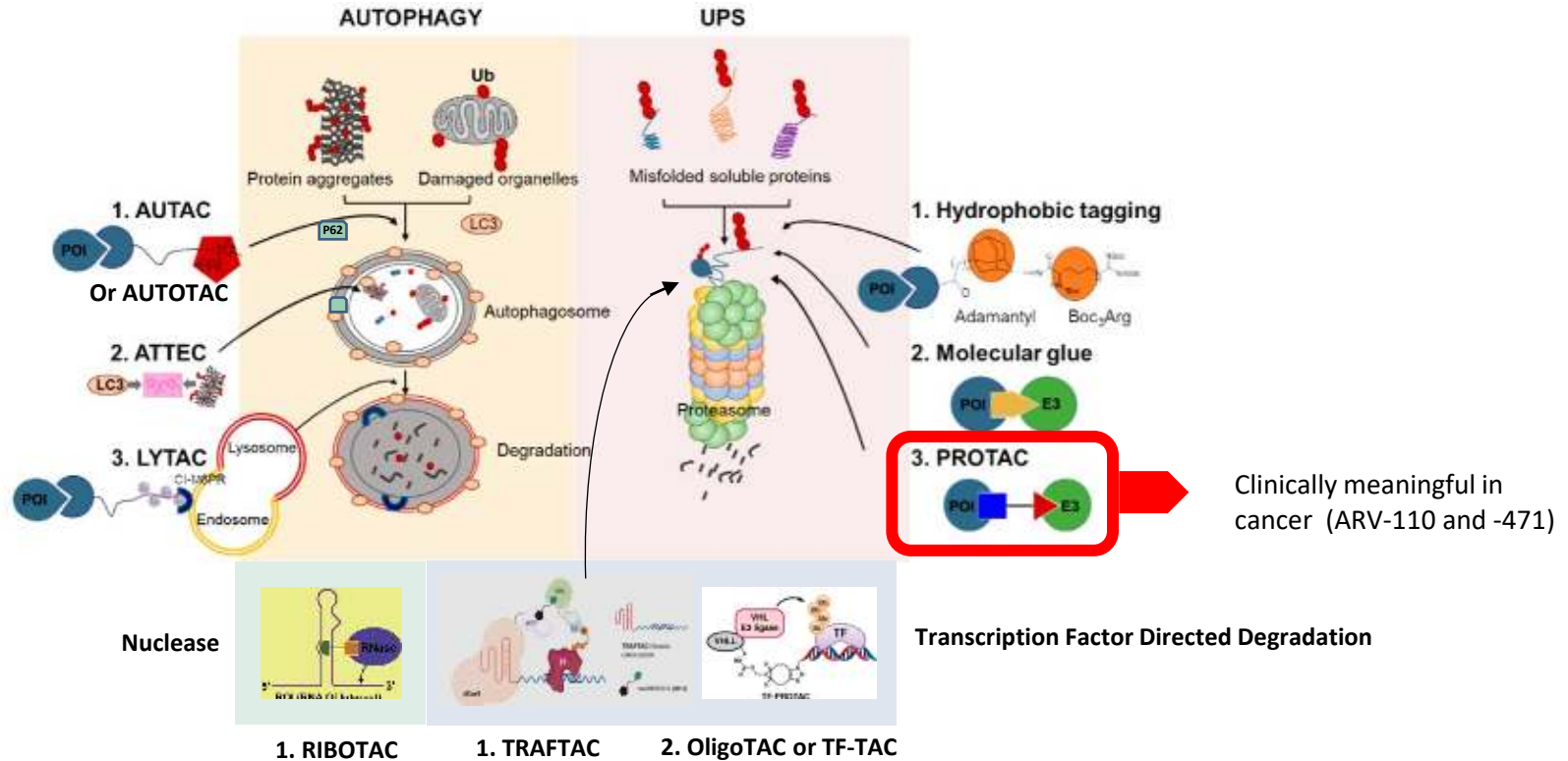
Proteomic analysis of Cortex following 24h post single oral dose demonstrates PROTAC-B is a highly selective degrader molecule

E3-Dead PROTAC-B does not degrade target in Cortex 24h post oral dose





# Emerging cellular protein degradation pathways and other chemical-mediated targeted protein degradation approaches



Thank you to the fantastic team at Arvinas!!! Join us!



Angela Cacace, PhD  
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Arvinas, Inc.

